PREFERENCE-BASED ANALYSIS OF BLACK PLASTIC FRAME GLASSES

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ABSTRACT

Since the innovation of plastic, it has become a popular material for the frames of eyeglasses. Among them, black plastic is a classic type which has been very popular from the beginning. Black plastic has even been connected to fashion symbols. It would become a fashion once a few years. Celebrities in many countries wear black plastics eyeglasses in their private times, especially in Taiwan. There are about 70% consumers choose to wear black plastic glasses in Taiwan. Why the black plastic could become a fashion again and again? The main purpose of this study was to find out the charm factors of the black plastic glasses, and the different point of view between the users and non-users.

In this study, the definition of black plastic glasses was defined in the beginning. Based on this definition, forty-eight pictures of black plastic eyeglasses had been selected. Eight people sensitive to black plastic were invited to do the interview. Then, a relation model of the charm factors was built by expert group meeting (EGM) method. Via questionnaire, 60 users and 60 non-users showed their opinions on the charm factors. Then the data of experiment were analyzed by Quantification Theory Type I.

This study offered designers the different points of view of users and non-users of the black plastic glasses. Designers can apply the results to design black plastic glasses for different markets as well as to design similar products

Keywor∂s: Kansei Engineering, Black Plastics Eyeglasses, EGM, Quantification Theory Type I

1. LAYOUT INSTRUCTION

In the culture of fashion and consumption, many things appeared for only one time and have never shown up again. But seldom objects come back to the stage of fashion again and

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again, with the same or little different appearances, as the time flow. This kind of objects must have some specialty which can pass the test of different ages. Black plastic glasses are one of it. Nana Mouskouri, the great Grecian signer, has sung over forty years. The thing that people are impressed most, beside her voice, is her big black plastic glasses. Equally, the choices of black plastic glasses by many celebrities also affect the trend of fashion.

In a recent investigation of Taiwanese glasses market, 35% people of young group chose black plastic glasses. It shows how big the market of black plastic glasses and how great its charm is. This study is to provide designer a new point of view to figure out the different recognition of the users and non-user of black plastic glasses. Also, this study shows the main view point by these two groups. Designers can use the consequence to the design of black plastic glasses, and abstract the potential consumers.

2. METHODOLOGY

2.1. Text

The main text should be in 11pt, justified left, with 1.2-interline space. Between paragraphs, there should be a space of 11pt.

2.1.1. Definition of samples of black plastic glasses

Before choose the pictures of black plastic, we must define the definition of it. Following are the standers defined by the material, construction and color of black plastic glasses:

- I. The main color of the frame is black
- II. The main material of the fame is plastic
- III. The glasses are transparency



Figure 1: Standard Sample



Figure 2: Samples do not fit the rule

2.1.2. Collection of samples

In this step, we collected 120 pictures of black plastic glasses of different brands in the market. After, we selected 48 pictures which are clear and fit the rules above. Table 1 show 9 of the 48 pictures.

Table 1: Samples



2.1.3. Interviews of sensible people

- I. We chose 4 male and 4 female who are sensible with black plastic glasses and had deep interviews for about one hour.
- II. We asked sensible people to separate the pictures of black plastic glasses into groups by their appreciation. The more groups the better.
- III. We asked the sensible people how they separated the pictures, and build the original judgment items.
- IV. Due to the original judgment items, we ask for the lower items(concrete items) and the upper items(abstract items).

After these steps, we got the EGM table as following:

引人注目(高調) 粗框 高調 造型平衡有整體思 非圓框 價值感 鏡框框角導大R角 有想法,主見 完整全框 經典 順眼 低調 適度的裝飾 辨識度高 有才華 框有卡榫 俐落 有細節設計 厚實感 臉型修飾效果 老實單純誠態 果決有魄力 鏡架細 舒適 手工 鏡架粗 不搞怪 好奇心,觀察力強 耳掛深 有設計感 專業 有個性 線條俐落 有型 搭配臉型 有巧思創意 低調 重量輕 看起來好戴 驚豔,新奇 適合個人配戴 邊框有不同顏色搭配 把自己框起來 自然,自在 跟隨潮流 框光澤 居家感

Table 2: EGM

Accroding to the eight sensible peole, the attractiveness can be orderd like the picture below:

好看順眼

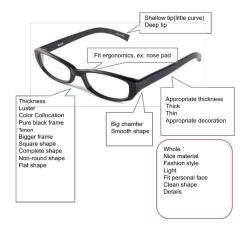
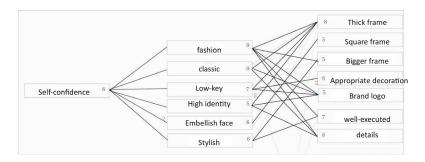
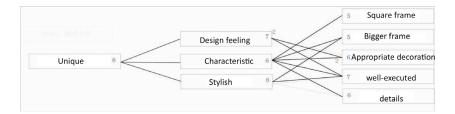


Figure 3: Attractiveness

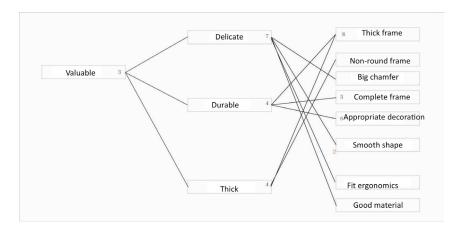
Separate the EGM table into several parts by the time the items match:



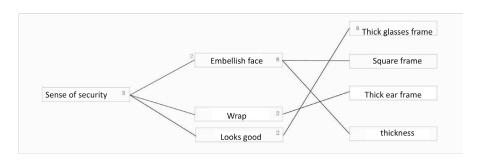
The essential factors of a "glasses of self-confidence" are fashion, well-executed shape. Appropriate decoration also needed.



The essential factors of a "unique glasses" are appropriate decoration, and well-executed shape, too. This two factors are which sensible people emphasize on.



For sensible people, a "valuable glasses" must be durable and delicate. The thickness also makes it more valuable.



The wrap of vision make a glasses has "sense of security". Also, the thick frame can embellish users' faces and make them feel secure.

2.1.4. KJ

According to the up item of the EGM table, we use KJ method to separate it into three groups:

Table 3: Three groups

| Characteristic | Self-confidence | Comfort |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| gentle | secure | home-style |
| honest | safe-look | comfortable |
| low-key | existing | ease |
| young | | clean |
| spoof | | |
| novel | | |
| high-key | | |
| professional | | |
| deep | | |
| strong-minded | | |
| resolute | | |
| talented | | |
| unique | | |
| tastêful | | |
| valuable | | |

3. QUESTIONARY AND ANALYSIS

According to the result of KJ method and EGM, a questionaty had been made. 50 subjects took the questionary, and marked the down items which they think would affect the feeling of up items and decided the degree the lower items affect. We use SPSS to get the result of Quantification Theory Type I. Following is the result:

Table 4: Self-confidence

Self-confidence(User) Self-confidence(Non-user) Biased category Correlation Correlation Coefficient Coefficient Appropriate thickness Good Appropriate decoration Attractive Thick frame 0.098678 -1.04119 -1.04119 0.372945 Color collocation -0.85961 Gorgeous decoration Staring decoration Brand Style fit fashion 0.319638 well-executed Thick frame 2.096775 face Thin frame 0.097645 Shape of frame -0.32989 Black frame Depth of fram Evesight Thickness of frag Complete fram 0.173593 on = 0.46019492787715 ation = 0.69093838666

About Self-confidence, the multiple correlations of user and non-user are both over 0.02, and that means the consequence is obvious.

Table 5: Characteristic

| | | Chara | cteristic(Us | er) | Chara | cteristic(Nor | n-user) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| item | category | item score | | Biased Correlation Coefficient | item score | | Biased Correlation Coefficient |
| honest | Bigger frame | | 1.145857 | 0.314442 | | 3.059807 | 0.684368 |
| | All-black frame | -1.01783 | | | -0.83928 | | |
| | Square frame | | 0.406183 | | -6.45745 | | |
| | Round frame | | 1.571511 | | | 2.635571 | |
| | Complete frame | -0.19669 | | | | 0.026783 | |
| | Half frame | | 1.009061 | | | 2.893324 | |
| unique | Delicate details | -0.04281 | | 0.162975 | | 0.376816 | 0.473728 |
| | Brand LOGO | | 1,474745 | | -2.63947 | | |
| | Luster | -0.35428 | | | | 1.255301 | |
| | Appropriate decoration | | 0.206175 | | -2.84195 | | |
| tasteful | Square frame | | 0.745502 | 0.300292 | | 3.426886 | 0.423091 |
| | Hand-made | -0.24689 | | | | 3.228449 | |
| | Appropriate decoration | -0.598 | | | | 0.041059 | |
| | details | -0.48512 | | | -0.94274 | | |
| | well-executed | | 2.132769 | | -0.1039 | | |
| | Shallow tip(little curve) | | 0.823596 | | | | |
| professional | Round frame | -3.29113 | | 0.338164 | -3.05454 | | 0.522323 |
| | Thick frame | | 1.071819 | | | | |
| | Thin Frame | -0.29487 | | | | 8.452584 | |
| | well-executed | | 0.264278 | | | 0.262313 | |
| strong-minded | Creative | | 0.450581 | 0.197587 | -2.1167 | | 0.77189 |
| | New | | 0.657889 | | | 4,222442 | |
| | Details | -1.02164 | | | | 1.154575 | |
| | Delicate | -0.36175 | | | -11.6625 | | |
| | well-executed | -0.53736 | | | | 3.939412 | |
| constant | | 10.55 33 | | | 13.90023 | | 7 |
| Multiple correla | tion = 0.5456256608 | 32814 | | Multiple correlat | ion = 0.8049 | 9932884953 | 56 |
| R ² = 0.29770736 | 1759244 | | F | R ² = 0.648014194 | 1522567 | | |

About Characteristic, the multiple correlations of user and non-user are both over 0.02, and that means the consequence is obvious.

Table 6: Comfort

| | | Comfort | t(User) | | Comfort | (Non-user) | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| item | category | item | score | Biased Correlation Coefficient | iter | n score | Biased Correlation Coefficient |
| Comfortable | Fit ergonomics(Frame) | -0.81599 | | 0.282481 | | 0.739713 | 0.584387 |
| | Fit ergonomics(Nose pad) | | 0.645987 | | -0.23577 | | |
| | Weight | | 0.346756 | | -7.53349 | | |
| | Hand-made | -1.66397 | | | | 3.024411 | |
| | Material | -0.69533 | | | | 2.702614 | |
| Clean feeling | Thick frame | -2.20401 | | 0.261372 | | | 0.334253 |
| | Thin frame | | 0.756248 | | | 2.845916 | |
| | Shape of the frame | -0.7698 | | | -0.87351 | | |
| | well-executed | | 0.280005 | | | 0.200694 | |
| | All-black frame | -0.47501 | | | -2.43303 | | |
| Free and | Thick frame | | 0.023862 | 0.168557 | -1.03416 | | 0.177159 |
| easy | Thin frame | -1.6425 | | | | 0.002942 | |
| | All-black frame | -0.0484 | | | -0.50199 | | |
| | well-executed | | 0.245309 | | | 0.416435 | |
| Constant | | 11.96667 | | | 11.00375 | | |
| Multiple corr | elation = 0.39574424898 | 607 | Multip | le correlation = 0 | .58585095 | 9128261 | |
| R ² = 0.15661 | 3510605549 | | R ² = 0.3 | 4322134631150 | 04 | | |

About Comfort, the multiple correlations of user and non-user are both over 0.02, and that means the consequence is obvious.

3.1.1. Analyzes:

Self-confidence:

Table 7: Self-confidence

| Middle item | User(lower item) | Non-user(lower item) |
|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Looks Good | Fit face | Appropriate thickness |
| Attractive | Color collocation | Gorgeous decoration |
| Fashion | Brand | well-executed |
| Embellish face | Black frame | Thick frame |
| Wrap Eyesight | Thickness of frame | Width |

User:

Fashion → Looks Good → Wrap Eyesight → Embellish face → Attractive

In this topic, fashion is the key point of self-confidence for users. Among which, brand is biggest factor. But people in this group have different opinions, not so identical.

Non-user:

Embellish face → Looks Good → Fashion → Attractive → Wrap Eyesight

In this topic, non-users have identical opinions. Because of having little knowing about brand, it is not their first choice. They looks forward that the glasses can embellish their faces, but have no exact image about which kind would work.

"Wrap eyesight" is the last choice for non-users. Maybe it is because that they have no experience about that. Compare with non-users, users care more about it. They think the thickness is the main factor of "wrap eyesight"

Characteristic:

Table 8: Characteristic

| Middle item | User(lower item) | Non-user(lower item) |
|---------------|------------------|----------------------|
| Honest | Round-frame | Bigger frame |
| Unique | Brand LOGO | Luster |
| Tasteful | Well-executed | Square-frame |
| Professional | Thick-frame | Thin-frame |
| Strong-minded | New style | New style |

User:

Professional → Honest → Tasteful → Strong-minded → Unique

For users, they think thick-frame black plastic glasses and make the image of profession. And round-frame and half-frame represent the image of honest. To make the tasteful image, they think well-executed shape is the key point. Actually, "unique" is not the main direction for users any more.

User:

Strong-minded → Honest → Professional → Unique → Tasteful

Maybe because they are not the consumer of black plastic glasses, non-users consider the users are string-minded. And the reason why they have little image of tasteful glasses might because they usually see the most popular and normal styles.

About "profession", users think thick frame can represent this image. But non-users think thin frame can.

And knowledge affected a lot in this topic. Because some items, luster and handmade, for example, are too professional. Non-users has little knowing about that, so seldom of them chose these kind of items.

Comfort:

Table 9: Comfort

| Middle item | User(lower item) | Non-user(lower item) |
|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Comfortable | Fir ergonomics(nose pad) | Handmade |
| Clean | Thin-frame | Thin-frame |
| Free and easy | Well-executed | Well-executed |

User:

Comfortable → Clean → Free and easy

Because users have more experience about using the glasses, they have more complete concept about comfort. They think nose pad is a very important factor of comfortable. They think material and colors affect just a little in this topic.

Non-user:

Comfortable→Clean→Free and easy

In this topic, the non-users' and users' sequence of middle items are the same. But actually, the choices of lower items of non-users are scattered. That might because non-users have little or no experience of wearing black plastic glasses, and they can only judge by the literal meanings.

Table 10: the representation of each topic

| | User | Non-user |
|-----------------|------|----------|
| Characteristic | | |
| Self-confidence | | |
| Comfort | | |

4. CONCLUSION

For the knowing of black plastic glasses and using experience, users and non-users have very different recognition. That means, non-users are affected easily by the appearance of glasses and the literal meaning of description. Designer can put effort on the looks of glasses, and use the factors mentioned above to attract the non-user group and enlarge the market. For the users' market, designer must control the factors which affect users' feeling well, and provide newer and nicer wearing experience.

This study is focus on the appearance of black plastic glasses, and has no discussion about the image after wearing it. About this topic, the research direction next can be focus on it. For example, the match of shapes of frame and faces can make this study more complete.

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